Child abuse is a persistent problem within San Francisco and the greater Bay Area. Although it is a hidden social ill, its impact is significant. A single incidence of child abuse impacts not just the child, but the family, the community, and society at large. While the impact of abuse not only morally devastates our community, it also significantly hurts our economy. In fact, the physical, mental, and emotional effects of abuse persist long after child abuse occurs, and result in ongoing costs to every sector of our community.

Child abuse is a core underlying factor to many of the ongoing struggles of this community, such as high rates of school dropout, homelessness, incarceration, and chronic health issues. This report shines a light on this largely ignored issue and the negative impact it has on all of us.

**The Financial Impact of Child Abuse**

The cumulative financial impact to the San Francisco community for the 509 verified child victims last year is $226.5M. Though these costs are accrued over the course of the victim’s life, the community will continue to incur the same cost each year until we are able to reduce and ultimately end child abuse.

**Financial impact for verified cases last year:**

- **San Francisco County:** $226.5M
- **Bay Area:** $2.0B

Since child abuse is vastly underreported, in reality, the cost to the Bay Area is likely far higher.

Last year, there were:

- 64K reported cases of child abuse
- 199K estimated cases of child abuse

That’s one report every 9 minutes

The resulting financial impact is $67.8B

That same amount could send 24k kids to preschool

This report was created in partnership with: Berkeley Haas, Safe & Sound, Strengthening Families: Ending Child Abuse.
Victims may require hospital care, mental health services, and other medical services during childhood, and have a higher incidence of physical and mental health issues throughout adulthood.

Abused children are 59 percent more likely to be arrested as juveniles, and 28 percent more likely to have an adult criminal record.

Victims may require intervention services, foster care, and counseling services.

Abused children are 77 percent more likely to require special education.

Victims are more likely to be unemployed and rely on public assistance which lead to diminished earning potential.

Communities can support vulnerable children and families by fostering the five protective factors. By helping families to enhance their protective factors, they will be better equipped to combat risk factors (history of abuse, isolation, substance abuse, and others) and prevent incidences of child abuse. Research shows that healthy and safe families share these five commonalities:

- **Social & Emotional Competence of Children**: Family and child interactions that help children develop the ability to communicate clearly, recognize and regulate their emotions, and establish and maintain relationships.
- **Knowledge of Child Development**: Understanding parenting strategies that support physical, cognitive, language, social, and emotional development.
- **Parental Resilience**: Managing stress and functioning well when faced with challenges, adversity, and trauma.
- **Social Connections**: Positive relationships that provide emotional, informational, and spiritual support.
- **Concrete Support**: Access to concrete support and services that address a family’s needs and help minimize stress caused by life’s challenges.

Safe & Sound is a children’s advocacy organization working to create a society where children are safe, families are strong, and communities are sound. We’re working towards a future where child abuse no longer exists. safandsound.org

#CostOfAbuse

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